Below are answers to frequently asked questions (FAQ) about the Phase 2 Reopening Guidance: Licensed Swimming Pools, Licensed Spa Pools and Sports Courts (OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance). OHA provides this FAQ, and may intermittently update the FAQ, to help the public understand the guidance, respond to stakeholder questions, and clarify how the guidance may apply in specific scenarios. The FAQ is not intended to take the place of the guidance, but rather to interpret, supplement, and help fill in the details of the guidance. The guidance and FAQs apply only in a county that has been approved for Phase 2 Reopening.

Licensed Swimming Pools

Q1: Our pool is a small, private, members-only pool and the membership is limited to 35 families. There is no lifeguard on duty and our maintenance staff is comprised of a manager and crew, all of whom are pool members. In our situation, would we be able to proceed with our members honoring the physical distancing guidelines and self-assigning to monitor these guidelines while at the pool?

A1: No. The guidelines require that a physical distancing monitor be assigned if the pool is to reopen in Phase 2. This means that there needs to be one individual that is responsible for ensuring compliance with physical distancing requirements. A staff or volunteer can be assigned as a physical distancing monitor and must be assigned during the time that the pool is in use. Pool operators can determine how monitors are assigned.

Q2: Can the limited-use pool open in our homeowner’s association?

A2: If the limited use pool is located in a county approved for Phase 2, the pool is allowed to open following the OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance.

Q3: Are swimming lessons allowed at pool facilities in phase 2?

A3: Yes, swimming lessons are allowed and should follow both the guidance for OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance as well as the guidance for School Aged Summertime Day Camps.
Q4: What if a lifeguard refuses to perform CPR (breathing) because of fear of COVID-19 infection?
A4: Swimming pool operators shall ensure that the risks of operating a pool are communicated to all employees prior to reopening. As such, a pool should not reopen without knowing whether their lifeguards are willing to perform all duties. Red Cross guidelines are available outlining the need for PPE during CPR. Facilities need to provide appropriate PPE for lifeguards.

Q5: I am a member of a homeowner’s association board. Our association does not have regular employees. Does there need to be a Physical Distancing Monitor at the pool present at all times or can we post signs for physical distancing if a monitor is not available?
A5: Any licensed pool that chooses to open in Phase 2 is required to have a Physical Distancing Monitor and cannot replace the monitor with signs. A volunteer may perform these duties and physical distancing signs are recommended to be posted at the pool to inform volunteers of the physical distancing requirements. The licensed facility is ultimately responsible if enforcement becomes necessary.

Q6: Can the Physical Distance Monitor be a volunteer?
A6: Yes. The OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance does not specify who can perform the role of Physical Distance Monitor. However, the volunteer must be able to perform the duties listed in the guidance to make sure that pool guests keep six (6) feet of distance, including at entrances, exits, restrooms, pool area, and any other area where people may gather. A volunteer may perform these duties, but the licensed facility is ultimately responsible if enforcement becomes necessary.

Q7: When the Physical Distancing Monitor is "on duty" is it their sole responsibility to monitor and maintain physical distance with pool guests in and around the pool?
A7: The Physical Distancing Monitor is solely responsible for ensuring physical distancing of six (6) feet between guests, at entrances, exits, restrooms, pool decks, and any other area where people may gather. This person may be a staff or volunteer assigned by the pool operator.

Q8: Can a facility have multiple Physical Distancing Monitors?
A8: Yes, a facility can choose to have as many physical distance monitors as they deem necessary to create a safe environment and ensure that the OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance is followed.

Q9: Would the Physical Distance Monitor be required to wear a mask?
A9: If the physical distance monitor is an employee of the pool, they are required to wear a mask, face covering or face shield following the OHA masks and face covering guidance. These coverings should only be removed to blow a whistle, communicate with swimmers or before entering the pool.
Q10: If a community pool has a sign-up sheet to schedule times, and if only one party can use the pool at that time, would the pool need a Physical Distance Monitor?

A10: No. Any licensed pool that chooses to open in Phase 2 is required to have a Physical Distancing Monitor assigned by the licensed pool if more than one family/group is using the pool at the same time.

Q11: Could we have every household in our complex assign an adult in each group to serve as the Physical Distancing Monitor while their family is at the pool?

A11: Yes. Each licensed pool or spa facility needs to assign a Physical Distancing Monitor, who can be a volunteer or staff, to ensure that physical distancing requirements are being maintained in all areas of the facility where people might gather. This monitor can be designated by the family/household when using the pool and communicate that to the pool operator for the complex. Physical distancing signs are recommended to be posted at the pool to inform staff, volunteers, and guests about the physical distancing requirements.

Q12: Since 14-year old children are allowed to swim independently, can they "physically monitor" themselves?

A12: No. Each licensed pool or spa facility needs to assign a Physical Distancing Monitor that is at least 18 years of age to ensure that physical distancing requirements are met.

Q13: There is mention of a maximum number of people in a square foot area. How does this work if a family can be grouped together more closely than six (6) feet between each person?

A13: The reference to 35 square feet per person in the guidance is provided as a reference to help facilities determine how many individuals could safely occupy a locker room and maintain six (6) feet of physical distance. Members of the same party may be within six (6) feet of one another, so the square footage would not be an issue for a party in the locker room at the same time. This would only be an issue if individuals from outside the party also accessed the locker room at that time.

Q14: Are there specific guidelines for how frequently we should clean?

A14: No. The frequency of cleaning would rely on a variety of factors, including frequency of use of an area, number of individuals touching a particular surface, the surface type, etc. Facilities will need to determine how frequently to clean surfaces to ensure their patrons are safe. For requirements on cleaning and disinfection, pools must follow the OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance.

Q16: Does the lifeguard need to wear a face covering?

A16: Yes. However, the lifeguard will need to remove the face covering to blow a whistle, communicate with swimmers and before entering the pool.
Q17: How do swim teachers maintain physical distancing while teaching a small child to swim?

A17: It is not possible to adhere to physical distancing guidelines while teaching small children. Therefore, it is important to perform health checks/screens for all instructors and require instructors to practice healthy hygiene on a daily basis following OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance.

Q18: The guidance refers to using the pool for lap swim by allowing one swimmer per lane. However, because all athletes are not doing the same activity, physical distancing measures can be easily accomplished. If six (6) feet of physical distance is maintained, can swim teams engage in activities at the same time as lap swim?

A18: Yes, as long as physical distancing requirements are maintained at all times whether in the pool or waiting on landing areas. It is recommended that different activities occur at different times to avoid multiple uses of the pool at the same time.

Q19: Many swim teams serve 100-200 kids and multiple swimmers share a lane. If we can maintain six (6) feet of physical distance, can more swimmers participate in the pool at a time?

A19: Yes. Coaches are required to establish methods to keep lane mates separated by at least six (6) feet, prohibit interactions between swimmers in adjacent lanes and prohibit swimmers from gathering at the ends of lanes.

Q20: The guidance states that "visitors of the same party can participate in activities together and do not have to stay six (6) feet apart." This implies that those arriving together, with the intention of being together, do not have to maintain physical distancing. This doesn’t say household, but rather party, so would a swim team qualify as a party?

A20: No.

Q21: Will the limited use pools be required to have a Physical Distancing Monitor on the deck at all times while the pool is open? Can they monitor through a camera and not be on the deck?

A21: A Physical Distancing Monitor is required for each facility, but the monitor does not need to be on the pool deck at all times. See the OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance.

Q22: Can two swimmers from the same household share a lane during lap swim?

A22: Yes. Members of the same party may be within six (6) feet of one another while in the pool.

Q23: Are pool operators required to have delineated spaces on the pool deck to adequately maintain social distancing (similar to table spacing at restaurants)?

A23: No. Facility operators may choose to delineate spaces but are not required to do so.
Q24: **Are single occupant changing rooms classified as locker rooms?**

   A24: No. If a changing room is designed for single occupants, no more than one person at a time should be using the room, unless they are members of the same party.

Q25: **Are pool operators allowed to host small gatherings (ex. birthday parties) in their pool area? If so, what is the guidance for party size limit?**

   A25: Yes if pool operators follow the [OHA guidance for gatherings](#). Refer to the OHA guidance for gatherings to determine the party size limit.

Q26: **Can a swim team share a swim lane in a pool?**

   A26: Yes. Coaches are required to establish methods to keep swim teammates separated by at least six (6) feet, prohibit interactions between swimmers in adjacent lanes and prohibit swimmers from gathering at the ends of lanes.

Q27: **Are water slides at pools allowed to be open?**

   A27: Yes, however, pool operators must not allow gathering at or near the water slide and ensure that physical distancing requirements are met at all times.

Q28: **Does the Phase 2 Reopening Guidance apply to splash pads?**

   A28: Splash pads can operate in counties approved for Phase 2. Splash pads are allowed under the [Phase 2 Outdoor Recreation guidance](#).

Q29: **Swim instructors will likely come in close contact with students. Can one swim instructor work with multiple “household units” or swim classes throughout the day?**

   A29: Yes. Swim instructors who interact with multiple swim classes should wear a face mask, face shield or face covering when not in the pool and wash/sanitize their hands between interactions with different parties.

Q30: **If we choose to open our locker room, can swimmers use individual showers in the locker room?**

   A30: Yes. Pool operators may allow use of individual showers in the locker room. Each individual shower must be cleaned after each use. Shared shower spaces are not allowed to open.

Q31: **Are school swim teams that use public recreation centers allowed to practice and compete in Phase 1 counties?**

   A31: Yes. Schools may continue to use public pools for practice and competition as long as the facilities are closed down for public use during school swim team practice and competition. For Phase 1 counties, school campus indoor and outdoor pool facilities may only be used by school coaches, athletes and trainers. These facilities may not be open for use by the general public. In both scenarios, refer to the [K-12 School Sports, Limited Return to Play Guidance](#).
Licensed Spa Pools

Q1: We have a therapy pool inside of a gym. Can we open the therapy pool?
   A1: If the gym is located in a county approved for Phase 2, the therapy pool is allowed to open following the OHA Pools and Sport Court Guidance.

Q2: If a gym or fitness center has a large spa (e.g., 12’ x 12’) that can accommodate physical distancing between multiple parties, do they still need to abide by the 1 person/household at a time rule?
   A2: All spa pools will need to limit the use of the pool to one household unit at a time regardless of the size of the pool. Operators may consider scheduling reservations in 15-minute increments.

Q3: One household unit at a time in the spa – meaning if not in the same household, only 1 person in spa at a time?
   A3: Yes.

Q4: Can saunas operate if the operators follow distancing and cleaning requirements in the pool guidance?
   A4: No. Saunas and steam rooms are currently closed at this time and cannot operate.

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